**COURSE OUTLINE** 

(1) GENERAL				
SCHOOL	ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	INFORMATICS AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	SEMESTER 7/9			
COURSE TITLE	FUZZY AND UNCERTAINT	<b>TY SYSTEMS</b>		
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for separate	e components of the course, <b>WEEKLY</b>			
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise	rcises, etc. If the credits are <b>TEACHING CREDITS</b>			
awarded for the whole of the course	e, give the weekly teaching HOURS			
hours and the tota	al credits			
	LECTURES	3		
	TUTORIALS	1		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the		4	5	
teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE	Science area, Skills Develo	pment		
general background,				
special background, specialised				
general knowledge, skills				
development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes (in English)			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://eclass.uniwa.gr			
(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES				

The course aims at: (a) providing a solid theoretical grounding and practical skills, along with indepth knowledge regarding main notions of Fuzzy Logic and Fuzzy and Uncertainty Systems (b) establishing the importance of these scientific fields in computer science, as well as the wide range of their applications in computing systems. The courses objectives include introducing concepts, models, algorithms, and tools in order to develop intelligent systems. Example topics include Mamdani and Takagi-Sugeno Fuzzy Systems, Fuzzy Neural Networks, Bayesian Networks. Moreover, emphasis is put on real-world applications, along with hands-on experience and practice on dedicated software (MATLAB, OCTAVE).

Upon successful completion of the course students:

- Will acquire knowledge of the principles, procedures and applications of the scientific fields of Fuzzy and Uncertainty Systems.
- Will delved into the methods and algorithms of Fuzzy and Uncertainty Systems and acquire the appropriate skills to implement these algorithms, as well as the practical experience, having become familiar with specialized software packages.
- Will study real problems, in order to acquire specialized problem-solving skills, which are required in research and/or innovation in order to develop new knowledge and processes, especially in multidisciplinary fields.
- Will acquire the necessary learning skills that will allow them to continue their studies in the field of Fuzzy and Uncertainty Systems in an autonomous fashion, to a large extent.

General Competences					
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as					
these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the					
course aim?					
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data	Project planning and management				
and information, with the use of the	Respect for difference and multiculturalism				
necessary technology	Respect for the natural environment				

Adaptir	ng to new situations	Showing social, professional and ethical			
Decisio	n-making	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues			
Workin	g independently	Criticism and self-criticism			
Team w	vork	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking			
Workin	g in an international environment				
Workin	g in an interdisciplinary	Others			
enviror	iment				
Produc	tion of new research ideas				
•	Working independently				
•	Working in interdisciplinary environment				
•	Production of new research ideas				
•	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking				
(3) SYLI	LABUS				
•	From classic set theory to fuzzy sets.				
•	Introductory concepts and operations of fuzzy sets.				
•	Properties of fuzzy sets, membership functions.				
•	Extension principle, $\alpha$ -cuts and resolution principle.				
•	Fuzzy relations, operations and properties.				
•	Composition operators, fuzzy composition, fuzzy numbers.				
•	Fuzzy linguistic variables, fuzzy rules.				
•	Implication relations, compositional rule of inference.				
•	Fuzzifier, fuzzy rule base, fuzzy syste	m output.			
•	Defuzzification methods.				
•	Structure and operation of fuzzy models.				
•	Takagi-Sugeno models and Applications.				
•	Introduction to uncertainty.				
•	Bayesian networks.				
•	Dempster-Shafer.				
•	Certainty factors				
•	Knowledge representation methods.				
•	Influence Diagrams and Belief Networks.				
•	Decision-theoretic techniques in AI.	Decision-theoretic techniques in AI.			

## (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	<ul> <li>Face-to-face. In-class lectures with active student participation. There will be presentations and exerices on the course web-page as well as in class, as well as use of specialized software.</li> <li>Project work.</li> <li>Use of specialized software.</li> </ul>			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with	<ul> <li>Use of the university's online teaching platform for posting theory and exercises.</li> <li>Use of e-mail and the online teaching platform for communication with the students.</li> </ul>			
	Activity	Somostor workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	ActivityLecturesTutorialsProjectsIndividual studyCourse total	Semester workload           39           13           28           45           125		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Language of evaluation: Greek The final marks will be extracted as the weighted sum of a final written exam and individual projects.			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				
<ul> <li>- Suggested bibliography:</li> <li>1. Παπαδόπουλος Β., Μποτζώρης Γ., Ασαφής Λογική, Σοφία ΑΕΕΕ, 2015.</li> <li>2. Θεοδώρου Γ., Εισαγωγή στην Ασαφή Λογική, Εκδόδεις Τζιόλα, 2010.</li> <li>3. Καμπουρλάζος Β., Παπακώστας Γ., Εισαγωγή στην Υπολογιστική Νοημοσύνη, ΣΕΑΒ, 2015.</li> <li>4. Negnevitsky, Michael. Τεχνητή νοημοσύνη : Αρχές και εφαρμογές για την ανάπτυξη συστημάτων με τεχνολογίες νοημοσύνης, Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα, 2017.</li> <li>5. Grzymala-Busse, Jerzy W., Managing Uncertainty in Expert Systems, Springer, 2012. Ε.</li> <li>- Related bilbiography:</li> <li>1. Ηλιάδης Λ., Παπαλεωνίδας Α., Υπολογιστική Νοημοσύνη και Ευφυείς Πράκτορες, Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα, 2016.</li> </ul>				

2. Castillo E., Gutierrez Z.M., Hadi A.S., *Expert Systems and Probabilistic Network Models*, Springer, 2011.

- 3. Ross T., *Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications*, John Wiley and Sons, 2010.
- 4. Tsoukalas L., Uhrig R., *Fuzzy and Neural Approaches in Engineering*, John Wiley and Sons, 1997.
- 5. Chen G., Introduction to Fuzzy Systems, Chapman & Hall, 2005.
- 6. Siddique N., Adeli H., Computational Intelligence, John Wiley and Sons, 2013.