**COURSE OUTLINE** 

(1) GENERAL	-			
SCHOOL	ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Informatics and Computer Engineering			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	ICE1-1004	SEMESTER 1	st	
COURSE TITLE	Computer programming			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITIES			
if credits are awarded for separate	components of the course,	WEEKLY		
e.g. lectures, laboratory exercise	es, etc. If the credits are	TEACHING	CREDITS	
awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teach		HOURS		
hours and the total credits				
Lectures		3		
Tut	orial and problems solving	2		
Computer Laboratory		1		
Add rows if necessary. The organisa	ition of teaching and the	0	0	
	Packground skills douglon	mont		
course I I PE	Background, skins develop	ment		
special background specialised				
general knowledge skills				
development				
PREREOUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	Yes			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.uniwa.gr/co	urses/CS174/		
(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES		· ·		
<ul> <li>The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A</li> <li>Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area</li> <li>Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 &amp; 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B</li> <li>Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes</li> </ul>				
Upon successful completion of the course, the student must:				
<ul> <li>understand the syntax of C language and be familiar with the Integrated Development Environment (eg. editor, compiler, software libraries, reference manuals, online help)</li> <li>construct with relative ease the basic programming statements: data types, variables, constants, value assignments, expressions, loops and control structures</li> <li>understand and be able to use abstract data types (arrays, strings), functions, recursion, scope of variables, pointers and structures</li> <li>use and be familiar with formatted input/output, the C preprocessor, files and the arguments of main</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>be able to analyze computer programs developed in C language and define their operation</li> <li>be able to design and apply problem solutions on the computer through C programming.</li> </ul>				
be able to design and apply problem solutions on the computer through C programming				
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for analysis and synthesis of data Project planning and management				
and information, with the use of the	Respect for difference and multiculturalism			
necessary technology Respect for		atural environm	ent	

Adapting to new situations	Showing social, professional and ethical
Decision-making	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary	Others
environment	
Production of new research ideas	
Working independently	

• Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

## (3) SYLLABUS

Computer architecture. Principles of structured programming. Compilation. Linking. Executable programs. The C programming language. Variables, data types, expressions and assignments. Simple input/output. Loops. Conditional statements. Arrays. Functions. Scope of variables. Recursion. Pointers. Dynamic memory allocation. Strings. Structures. Formatted input/output. The C preprocessor. Macros. Input/Output redirection. Data streams. Text files. Binary files. Serial/random file access. Special topics (the arguments of main(), enumerated data types, unions). Computer labs in C programming environment to consolidate the language.

## (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of web-based asynchronous elearning systems (eclass and moodle) to support the educational material (notes, powerpoint presentations, self assignments, past exams etc.) and examinations Use of email and announcements in elearning system to communicate and inform students.		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of	Lectures	39	
teaching are described in detail.	Tutorials	26	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Computer Laboratory	13	
practice, fieldwork, study and	Written assignments	30	
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Self study	42	
placements, clinical practice, art	Course total	150	
educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	I Final written exa	m (70%) which contains :	
Description of the evaluation	- Ouestions w	ith short answers	
procedure	- Questions w - Software pro	ith multiple answers ogram development	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice	II. Passed all computer laboratory assignments and final laboratory examination (30%)		
questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination,	For successful completion, a g required in both the written f laboratory part of the course.	grade of at least 5 out of 10 is inal exam as well as in the	

publicpresentation,laboratorywork,clinicalexaminationofpatient,artinterpretation,otherSpecifically-definedevaluationcriteriaaregiven,andifandwheretheytheyareaccessible tostudents.	The exam material and the assessment process are made known to students in the lecture hall, the laboratory and the e-learning platform of the course.		
(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY			
- Suggested bibliography:			
<ol> <li>Χατζηγιαννάκης, Ν., Η Γλώσσα C σε Βάθος, 5η έκδ., Κλειδάριθμος, 2017.</li> <li>Καρολίδηs Δ., Μαθαίνετε εύκολα C, εκδ. Άβακας, 2013.</li> <li>Τσελίκης Γ., Τσελίκας Ν., C Από τη Θεωρία στην Εφαρμογή, 3η έκδ., 2016.</li> <li>Μαστοροκώστας, Π., Διαδικαστικός Προγραμματισμός – Η Γλώσσα C, ΣΕΑΒ, 2015.</li> <li>Καρανικόλας, Ν., Εμβάθυνση στον Προγραμματισμό με τη Γλώσσα C, Εκδόσεις Νέων Τεχνολογιών, 2009.</li> </ol>			
- Additional bibliography			
<ol> <li>Kernighan B., RitchieD., Η Γλώσσα Προγραμματισμού C, 2η έκδ., Κλειδάριθμος</li> <li>Aitken P., Jones, Πλήρες Εγχειρίδιο της C, 6η έκδ., Γκιούρδας, 2006.</li> <li>Roberts E., Η Τέχνη και Επιστήμη της C, Κλειδάριθμος, 2004.</li> <li>DeitelH.M., DeitelP.J., C Προγραμματισμός, Γκιούρδας, 2003.</li> <li>PrataS., CPrimerPlus, 5thed., TheWaiteGroup, SAMS, 2004.</li> <li>Harbison S.P., Steele G.L., C: A Reference Manual, 5thed., Prentice Hall, 2002.</li> <li>Bronson G.J., A First Book of ANSI C, 4th ed., Course Technology, 2006.</li> <li>Wikibooks, Programming in C, (A comprehensive look at the C programming language and its features ) - http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Programming:C</li> </ol>			
- Related academic journals:			